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A Message from Scott Munds:

"If you have clients that may need to be pre-approved or are already pre-approved, but you are not sure they are getting the best service and best rate and fees then please forward these articles to your new clients. I would love to help you shine with all your amazing clients. Happy home buyers = referrals for us! Text me or call me anytime (503) 969-9929. Email me at Scott.Munds@OnQFinancial.com. #TeamMunds is here for you! NMLS 272506/5645"

What Causes Mortgage Rates to Change?

Mortgage rates change daily, and sometimes multiple times per day. In this article, "mortgage rates" will refer to the combination of upfront cost and actual interest rate described here: [The 2 Components of Mortgage Rates](#). For example, if we talk about "higher rates," it could either mean that the interest rate is higher, or simply that the upfront cost is higher for the same interest rate.

These frequent changes are not arbitrary in any way. Instead they are the result of multiple factors with varying levels of importance and interdependence. Mortgages exist because investors want to earn interest by offering loans. Because of this, mortgage rates end up being directly driven by all the various market forces and operational considerations that dictate what those investors can/should/must charge.

Factors relating to market forces

Much like mortgage borrowers need money to buy a home, the US government needs money to finance Federal spending. Political commentary aside, this creates a massive market for government debt, which in turn serves as the plainest, most risk-free benchmark for many other types of debt. Collectively, this is known as "the bond market."

There are many other types of bonds with varying levels of risk and different features. They all exist because investors need or want to lend money and various entities need or wants to borrow money and. Mortgage borrowers are one such entity. When lenders have enough of the same type of loan from mortgage borrowers with similar circumstances, those loans can be grouped together to form a bond that can then be sold to other investors. Once the mortgage lender sells those loans to other investors, they now have the cash flow to go make new loans—assuming there are other investors who are

National Average Mortgage Rates



	Rate	Change	Points
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Mortgage News Daily

30 Yr. Fixed	6.43%	+0.02	0.00
15 Yr. Fixed	5.95%	0.00	0.00
30 Yr. FHA	5.82%	+0.02	0.00
30 Yr. Jumbo	6.62%	0.00	0.00
5/1 ARM	6.28%	-0.01	0.00

Freddie Mac

30 Yr. Fixed	6.35%	-0.51	0.00
15 Yr. Fixed	5.51%	-0.65	0.00

Rates as of: 8/30

Market Data

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 5.0	99.35	-0.16
MBS GNMA 5.0	99.91	-0.04
10 YR Treasury	3.9039	+0.0424
30 YR Treasury	4.1932	+0.0468

Pricing as of: 8/30 5:59PM EST

Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Aug 28	226.9	+0.49%
Building Permits	Mar	1.46M	-3.95%
Housing Starts	Mar	1.32M	-13.15%
New Home Sales	Mar	693K	+4.68%
Pending Home Sales	Feb	75.6	+1.75%
Existing Home Sales	Feb	3.97M	-0.75%
Builder Confidence	Mar	51	+6.25%

interested in buying more loans.

Thus, a market for these **mortgage-backed-securities (MBS)** is born. It's quite a bit more complex in practice, but generally speaking, it's simply a market for groups of loans. These trade on the open market and tend to follow the broader movements of more mainstream bonds like US Treasuries. In short, all the factors that can affect interest rates in the bond market can also affect the price that investors are willing to pay for these groups of mortgages. Those prices have a more direct influence on the rates that mortgage lenders can offer than anything else!

Bottom line: loans become mortgage-backed-securities which trade on the open market, and the prices of mortgage-backed-securities dictate the rates that lenders can offer to new mortgage borrowers.

Factors relating to operational considerations

Knowing the price that investors are willing to pay for a group of similar mortgages gives lenders a **baseline** for the costs they must charge borrowers. The lender's operational considerations will account for the rest. These considerations are all directly or indirectly related to how much profit the lender wants to make or how much business they are capable of doing.

For instance, we tend to think of banks as always being available to make loans to borrowers who fit the right criteria, but that isn't always the case. Many mortgage lenders have a certain amount of cash flow that they'd ideally like to use over a certain time frame. If a lender isn't on pace to lend as much as they'd like, they might lower rates in order to entice more business. Conversely, if a lender is on pace to lend out more money than it has, it could raise rates in order to deter business.

Apart from the availability of funding, lenders must also consider the availability of personnel. It takes human beings to make loans happen, and at a certain point, a lender will be at capacity. It can then either hire more staff or simply raise rates to throttle the amount of incoming business.

These are two of the most basic operational considerations for lenders that complement the actual market-driven prices of mortgages. This can be thought of as any sort of business that sells a product made from raw materials. A car company, for **example**, is greatly affected by the cost of steel and aluminum, but the cost that buyers end up paying is also greatly affected by how that car company does business. How many factories do they have? How well-trained are their employees? How efficient are they?

In the mortgage world, mortgage-backed-securities would be like the steel and aluminum while individual lenders would be like auto manufacturers, each trying to build/sell cars as efficiently and as profitably as possible.

Bringing it all together

The lender-specific considerations certainly change and certainly account for a portion of any given mortgage rate offering. Quite simply, this is why **different lenders offer loans at different rates** even though they're all working with the same raw materials.

But it's those raw materials—those mortgage-backed-securities—that move throughout the day and do most to affect the **moment-to-moment changes** in lenders' rate sheets. If something in the world is happening to cause investor demand to increase in bond markets, MBS tend to benefit as well. When MBS prices rise, investors are willing to pay more for those bundles of loans, meaning that lenders may be able to offer lower rates. Conversely, if investors are seeking riskier investments for whatever reason, MBS prices could fall, meaning investors aren't paying as much for mortgages, thus forcing lenders to raise rates.

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"We exist to make a difference in people's lives by providing the right mortgage products."

Scott is the Portland Mortgage Coach, an Ideas Machine, a Revolutionist and a Rock N' Roller!

Ask me about my ** Hero-Homebuyer ** program that helps Veterans, First Responders, Healthcare Workers (HCW), Volunteers and Teachers!!

With over 20 years in the Mortgage Industry. Scott Munds is #1 a family man. Married over 25 years to his lovely wife Susie with four amazing children all living in the Portland Metro area. He enjoys spending time in the community serving with the Community Action group and the Blanchet House. Scott has a serving heart! In business, Scott is known as a straight shooter full of integrity. He is a Master in the Mortgage Loan Process with a legendary reputation in the mortgage and real estate industry. Scott has earned an extensive following of real estate agents, clients who love him, and an avant-garde mind that attracts respect inside and outside of his business.

If you are a Local Hero-Homebuyer (Classified as - A First Responder, Teacher, Veteran, Government Employee, Healthcare Worker, or Local Volunteer), then please message me to find out what loan discounts, down payment assistance, and other incentives you may have and have earned). It's time for us to serve you. Thank you for your Service! - Scott Munds

Scott Munds

